

# EAST ASIAN CULTURE

1 Color in the regions of East Asia being used for these activities.

China

Taiwan

Japan

North Korea

South Korea



According to Neuman, "Culture includes both familiar objects . . . and feelings, beliefs, customs, tastes and values." (p 25)

3 Circle the characteristics that are typically emphasized in an East Asian worldview and cross out ones that are not.

collective action

personal freedom

cooperation

individual initiative

group harmony

rational thinking

# CULTURAL COMPARISONS

While Americans view themselves as a "melting pot," \_\_\_\_\_ is relatively rare in East Asia.

Part of American identity is never having been \_\_\_\_\_ by another nation, while foreigners periodically conquered China and Korea. China, Korea, and Japan have all experienced times of western domination and/or occupation.

China's biggest holiday is:  
\_\_\_\_\_  
celebrated:  
\_\_\_\_\_

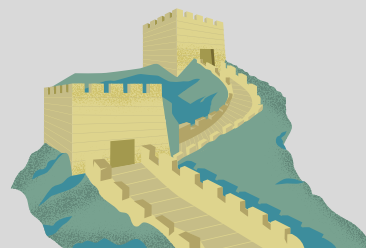
What is *obon*?

Japan's big holidays are:  
\_\_\_\_\_  
celebrated: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
celebrated: \_\_\_\_\_

At a formal event, a Japanese woman may wear \_\_\_\_\_, Koreans may wear \_\_\_\_\_, and a Chinese or Taiwanese woman may wear a \_\_\_\_\_.

Koreans celebrate:  
\_\_\_\_\_  
and \_\_\_\_\_celebrated:  
\_\_\_\_\_

**TRUE** or **FALSE**:  
Types of tea and style of chopsticks vary by Asian society.



# READ AND RESTATE

USING THE INFORMATION FOUND ON PAGES 30-32, FILL IN EACH BLANK.  
WHEN PROMPTED, APPLY THE CONCEPT  
BY EXPLAINING WHAT THAT TERM MAY MEAN IN YOUR LIFE TODAY.

1 \_\_\_\_\_ is less of a religion than a set of ethical principles and cultivated habits that guide the organization of government, community affairs, and social relations.

RESTATED:

The five basic principles of Confucianism include:

2 \_\_\_\_\_ is a special virtue flowing from loyalty. It is a child's obligation to respect his or her parents.

RESTATED:

3 Continuous self-\_\_\_\_\_ mean that a person will study hard, respect elders and teachers, and serve the community.

RESTATED:

# RELIGIOUS TRADITIONS

Using pages 33-38, unscramble the bold words  
in each statement below.



Daoism is both a **LIPSPHOOY** and a set  
of **LIGIOUSER** ideas.

Daoism provides a pathway for living. The central idea is qi  
which is often translated as **NRGEYE ROCFE**  
or an intangible, natural, vital energy field.

The most widely practiced religion in East Asia is Buddhism.  
Spreading from **DIANI** to China and then the rest of Asia,  
it has shaped East Asian beliefs and **ROMALITY**.

Buddhism is **NECRTICYS**, combining different beliefs and merging  
disparate traditions, assuming there is an underlying unity.

Practice around temple and home rituals are a mixture  
of **NACSTORE ROWHIPS**, **NAIMMIS**,  
popular Daoist and Buddhist beliefs, and Confucian ethics.

Shinto, Japan's national religion, lacks a founding person or sacred text.  
Instead of a single god, it has thousands of **MAKI** or spirit forces.



# FAST FACTS:

Use Chapter 5 to identify  
four unique examples for each box.



SOUTH KOREANS.

TAIWANESE:

JAPANESE:

CHINESE:



# E AND E, PLEASE

USING CHAPTER 5, PROVIDE AN **EXAMPLE** AND A POSSIBLE **EFFECT** FOR EACH OF THE FOLLOWING STATEMENTS MADE IN THE BOOK.

"East Asian gender stereotypes are widespread."

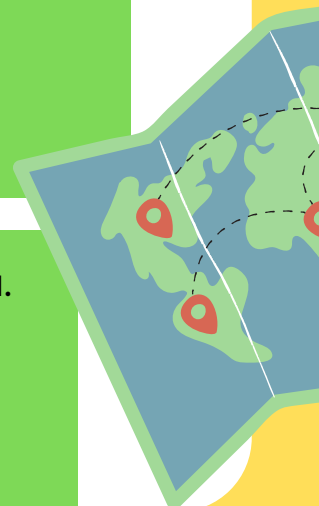
China's "missing girls" refers to an unbalanced sex ratio at birth.

A "lost generation" has emerged in Japan.

"Personal income has increased in China but at very different rates."

Millions of people have migrated from rural areas to cities.

A shift in economies explains rising inequalities in East Asia.



# THE FUTURE

USE THE FOLLOWING EXAMPLES FROM CHAPTER 6  
TO EXPLORE EAST ASIA'S FUTURE.

To what factors have scholars attributed the "economic miracles" of East Asia? p. 87

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

How does Japan promote export-led growth? p. 89

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

Define the following terms: pgs. 89-92

zaibatsu

keiretsu

chaebol

command economy

market socialism

Provide examples of the impact of globalization on East Asia. pgs. 93-95

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.



What social adjustments may East Asian cultures need to make in order to be successful into the future? pgs. 95-97

How has national identity changed over the past half century in East Asia?  
What factors have encouraged such changes? pgs. 97-102

What does it mean to be "East Asian"?