Yearly events

Goal: *for students to know Japanese yearly events

*for students to do origami

Target: elementary school

Time limit: 40 min

Implements: a ton of origami, glues, scissors, straws, stapler

Method: 1 explain Japanese yearly events with pictures and some works made

of origami

2 have students do origami

3 have them remark together about today's lesson

Specific: 1 (time 10min)

*show pictures of yearly events

for example New years' day, The doll's festival, The boy's festival,

The star festival

*show some works made of origami

ohinasama (a doll for the festival 3rd Mar.)

kabuto and koinobori(armor and carp-shaped streamer)

tanabatakazari (ornamentation for the star festival)

2 (time 25 min)

*have students make something with origami (depends on grade)

3 (time 5min)

have time for question and answer

Yearly events

Detail

time	teacher	students	implements
10min	INTRODUCE		
	Please hand round and	ask me questions	some pictures of
	look at these pictures	while looking at	myself at events
		pictures and works	
	Please look at these		works
	works made of origami		ohinasama
			kabuto
			koinobori
			tanabata kazari
	Do you have any		explanation #1
	questions?		
25min	HANDICRAFT		
	Let's try to make this!	do origami at the	origami
	explanation #2	same time	(depend on grade)
			scissors, glue,
			straws
5min	TALK TOGETHER		
	How was today's lesson?	talk about today's	
		lesson	
	These are presents for		works presented
	you from my students in		from my students
	Japan.		

- * The hinamatsuri is held on March 3rd to wish for girls' sound growth

 And happy marriages. Long ago, parents of wealthy families bought a set of
 hina-ningyo for their daughters when they got married.
 - *The boy's festival held on May 5th.Families with sons fly carp streamers high up on a pole or display gogatsu-ningyo(samurai dolls in armor). Carp, armor, iris leaves, oak trees and bamboo are all said to symbolize strength.
 - *Tanabata's origin is the Chinese star festival which was introduced to Japan in 8th century. It comes from a Chinese legend in which hikoboshi(Altair)the herdsman, and orihime (Vega), the weaver are allowed to meet only once a year on the night of july 7th.

Yearly events

#2 Origami is folding up various shapes without using paste or scissors.

I'll show you how to fold [doll, samurai helmet,pumpkin].

Doll:

Samurai helmet: Make a triangle.

Back to a smaller square Fold up to each symbol. Fold back a little like this. Fold up the facing flap. Fold the same flap again. Fold the other flap inside.

Pumpkin:

[NAOKO]